

SESLHD POLICY COVER SHEET



Health
South Eastern Sydney
Local Health District

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POSITION RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DOCUMENT	SESLHD Quality Use of Medicines, Lead Pharmacist seslhd-drugcommittee@health.nsw.gov.au
FUNCTIONAL GROUP(S)	Medicine Medicines and Therapeutics Related Policy Documents
KEY TERMS	Medicine, formulary, individual patient use (IPU), special access scheme (SAS), medicine access program, prescriber, pharmacy, medicines use evaluation (MUE).
SUMMARY	This document describes the ongoing management of the SESLHD Medicines Formulary including processes for addition and amendments. It outlines the process for access to non-formulary medicines via SESLHD facility pharmacies. It outlines access to approved outpatient medicines via SESLHD facility pharmacies.

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1. POLICY STATEMENT

This policy describes the ongoing management of the SESLHD Medicines Formulary (MF). SESLHD has a comprehensive Formulary which is informed by the NSW MF and governed by the SESLHD Drug and Therapeutics Committee (DTC). The SESLHD MF informs prescribing by authorised clinicians across all SESLHD sites and services, in both inpatient and outpatient settings.

This policy outlines the governance structure for medicines use and approval, including, processes for addition and amendment to the SESLHD MF and for Individual Patient Use (IPU) requests.

2. AIMS

- To maintain a SESLHD MF to regulate the medicines available for initiation in inpatients in SESLHD facilities and for outpatient supply from SESLHD facilities.
- To maintain a SESLHD MF which includes Formulary Categories to guide clinicians on how to manage medicines based on their specific category.
- To support equity of access to medicines for patients and improve patient outcomes from evidence- based use of medicines.
- To detail a standard framework for SESLHD MF amendments.
- To detail a standard framework for evaluation of requests to use non-formulary medicines or to use medicines in circumstances where the formulary restrictions are not met.
- To specify the principles for suitability of medicines for administration in the SESLHD ambulatory care setting.
- To define outpatient eligibility to access supply of outpatient medicines via SESLHD Pharmacy services.
- To define patient charges for supply of ALL outpatient medicines to ensure consistency across SESLHD Pharmacy services.

3. TARGET AUDIENCE

The policy is applicable to all public hospital and community health facilities in SESLHD.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES

SESLHD Drug and Therapeutics Committee (DTC)

- Review and endorse SESLHD Medicines Formulary policy and associated procedures
- Ensure formulary management is in accordance with [NSW Health Policy Directive PD2022_056 - Approval Process of Medicines and Their Use](#) and support local adoption of the NSW MF
- Timely review and assessment of formulary according to approved procedures.
- Escalation of formulary applications to the NSW Medicines Formulary Committee (MFC) if applicable and appropriate
- Review formulary applications deemed 'out of scope' by the NSW MFC
- Ensure clear and effective communication of all formulary decisions
- Monitor implementation of, and compliance with the NSW Medicines Formulary

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- Review usage of formulary items as determined by the SESLHD DTC and if associated with medication incidents or adverse events
- Undertake Individual Patient Use (IPU) evaluations using [Appendix B: Decision Algorithm for Evaluation of Medicines for Formulary Listing in Public Hospitals \(NSW TAG November 2009\)](#) and monitor decisions

Medicines Advisory Subcommittee of the SESLHD DTC

- Provide advice on medication-related matters to, and at the request of the SESLHD DTC.

SESLHD Clinical Streams

- Coordinate and ensure relevant clinical consultation and review of SESLHD Formulary Applications at the request of the SESLHD DTC.
- Provide recommendations to the SESLHD DTC regarding Formulary applications via the Service Director/ Manager.

Site/service Medication Safety Committees

- Monitor implementation and compliance with the SESLHD MF, locally or as directed by the SESLHD DTC.
- Escalate Formulary and IPU issues to the SESLHD DTC.
- Review all incidents and adverse reactions associated with medicines via the IMS+ incident management system.

Clinical Staff

- Ensure medication use is consistent with the SESLHD MF and associated procedures.
- Request additions or amendment to the SESLHD MF in accordance with [NSW Health Policy Directive PD2022 056 - Approval Process of Medicines and Their Use](#) and via the relevant Clinical Streams and SESLHD DTC
- Report all incidents and adverse reactions associated with medicines via the IMS+ incident management system. These will be reviewed by the local site Medication Safety Committee and escalated to the SESLHD DTC as appropriate.

SESLHD Directors of Pharmacy or Delegates

- Ensure all SESLHD Pharmacy staff adhere to the SESLHD MF when reviewing or supplying medicines for SESLHD patients
- Report all incidents and adverse reactions associated with medicines via the IMS+ incident management system.

NSW Medicines Formulary Committee

- Oversee the maintenance of the NSW MF and review 'in scope' formulary applications
- Facilitate communication (via NSW MFC secretariat) of NSW MF decisions to the DTCs of NSW hospitals, local health districts, District Directors of Pharmacy and/or Directors of Pharmacy.

5. DEFINITIONS

<p>NSW Medicines Formulary (NSW MF)</p>	<p>A list of medicines approved for initiation in inpatients in NSW public hospitals and health services (including NSW Ambulance). The formulary includes the approved indication, dose formulations and prescribing restrictions for individual medicines, where applicable.</p> <p>Medicine types not considered on the NSW MF include: medications used in the outpatient setting (in progress), peritoneal dialysis solutions, perfusion fluids, some parenteral and enteral nutrition products, extemporaneous products, clinical trials, medicines access program medicines, non-core pharmacy items, some SAS and Schedule 5A medicines, medical devices and medical devices which include a scheduled medicine.</p>
<p>SESLHD Medicines Formulary (MF)</p>	<p>A comprehensive list of medicines authorised for use within SESLHD which may include restrictions or guidelines for the use of the medicine listed. The SESLHD MF includes a list of medicines approved for use in the following circumstances:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inpatient initiation 2. Continuity during inpatient admission 3. Outpatient supply from Hospital Pharmacy. <p>The SESLHD Medicines Formulary excludes medicines used as part of research or clinical trials. These are approved for use within SESLHD by the relevant Human Research Ethics Committee.</p> <p>The SESLHD DTC must be notified of any clinical trials involving medicines occurring in SESLHD and has oversight of clinical trials that involve medicines in the organisation.</p>
<p>Medicines:</p>	<p>Includes medicines registered or listed on the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods (ARTG), unregistered medicines and medicines made available under access programs. This excludes Therapeutic Goods of Australia (TGA) registered blood products when they are provided under the National Blood Authority.</p>
<p>Unrestricted medicine:</p>	<p>Can be used in accordance with:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Therapeutics Goods Administration (TGA) Product Information. B. NSW endorsed reference texts e.g., Australian Medicines Handbook (AMH), Therapeutic Guidelines (eTGs) and State and National Guidelines.

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<p>Medical Devices which include a scheduled medicine</p>	<p>Products that contain a scheduled medicine, but the primary mechanism of action is by ‘physical means’ rather than pharmacological or chemical means (e.g. bone cement containing gentamicin or synthetic fluid tissue with hyaluronic acid/lidocaine) are categorised on the ARTG as a medical device. These are out-of-scope of the MF but must be <u>handled</u> and <u>stored</u> as scheduled medicines in accordance with Medication Handling requirements as per PD2022_032.</p> <p>Governance of medical devices is overseen by SESLHD Clinical Products.</p> <p>An IPU is not required for medical devices once confirmed that it is an approved medical device for use at SESLHD.</p>
<p>Off-Label use:</p>	<p>The use of a registered medicine other than that specified in the TGA-approved product information including when the medicine is prescribed or administered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For another indication • At a different dose • Via an alternate route of administration • For a patient of an age or gender outside the registered use
<p>Unregistered medicine:</p>	<p>A medicine or dosage form that is not currently approved for use in Australia and hence is not entered on the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods.</p> <p>Appendix C: Formulary Processes for Special Access Scheme (SAS) Medicines. SAS medications will be considered by the NSW MFC on a case-by-case basis.</p>
<p>Medicines Access Programs (MAP):</p>	<p>Offered by Pharmaceutical Companies (sponsors) to facilitate deferred cost, cost-free or subsidised access to medicines for specific patients or patient groups.</p> <p>Medicines Access Programs include: -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compassionate Use Programs • Expanded Access Programs • Product (or Patient) Familiarisation programs • Cost-Share programs*. <p>Prior to prescribing a medicine funded through a MAP, the prescriber MUST register the patient using the SESLHD Medicines Access Program Registration Form in Powerchart</p> <p>*For cost-share programs, an Individual Patient Use (IPU) application is also required.</p> <p>All MAPs must comply with Council of Australian Therapeutic Advisory Group (CATAG) Managing Medicines Access Programs: Guiding principles for the governance of Medicines Access Programs in Australian hospitals</p> <p>The co-payment is waived for Medicines Access Programs.</p>

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<p>Medicines under Clause 37 and Part 8 of the Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Regulation</p>	<p>Acitretin, clomiphene, cyclofenil, dinoprost, dinoprostone, etretinate, follitropin beta, hydroxychloroquine, isotretinoin for oral use, luteinising hormone, ivermectin, tretinoin for oral use, urofollitrophin (human follicle stimulating hormone). Clinicians must have Authority to prescribe these medicines under Clause 37 of the Poisons Regulation prior to prescribing.</p>
<p>NSW TAG Decision Algorithm for evaluation of medicines for formulary listing in public hospitals</p>	<p>This algorithm is recommended for use in all NSW hospitals to encourage consistency in approach and equity of access to pharmaceuticals for hospital patients in NSW (Appendix B)</p>
<p>SESLHD Formulary Categories Reference Guide</p>	<p>Assists SESLHD clinicians in how to manage medicines based on their specific SESLHD Formulary Category (Appendix A: SESLHD Medicine Formulary Categories).</p>
<p>Individual Patient Use (IPU):</p>	<p>Applications request for approval to use a medication for an individual patient, either where the requested medication is not listed on the SESLHD MF or where the formulary restrictions are not met.</p>
<p>Eligible Patients:</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hospital inpatients • All patients on discharge from the hospital • Medicare eligible persons with a valid prescription written by an Authorised Prescriber providing care at a SESLHD outpatient clinic • Medicare eligible persons with a valid prescription for an S100 subsidised medicine, written by an Authorised Prescriber. • Medicare ineligible persons under circumstances approved by the hospital’s General Manager or being treated under a refugee program, medicines access program, or other externally funded program. For example, NSW Health Guideline GL2024_003: HIV treatment for people in NSW who are not eligible for Medicare. • Any person attending a public health clinic (i.e., sexual health, sexual assault or being treated for a disease subject to any arrangements made during a declared health emergency). <p><i>Note: the patient must have a Medical Record Number (MRN) at the SESLHD hospital where the prescription is presented, for the local site pharmacy to dispense it.</i></p>
<p>Authorised Prescribers (for outpatients):</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any Registered Medical Practitioner accredited to or employed by the hospital to provide services to outpatients, in a clinic or after an admission. • Accredited S100 HIV or Hepatitis B prescribers as per Prescriber Maps - ASHM
<p>Co-payment</p>	<p>The amount a patient pays towards the cost of their medicine in accordance with NSW Health Policy Directive PD2023_041 - Pharmaceutical and Safety Net arrangements for Outpatients and Patients on Discharge.</p>

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<p>Ambulatory Care</p>	<p>Care provided to hospital patients who are not admitted to the hospital, such as patients of emergency departments and outpatient clinics. The term is also used to refer to care provided to patients of community-based (non-hospital) health-care services.</p> <p><i>Note: the decision to administer a medicine in SESLHD Ambulatory Care is based on the requirement for close monitoring during administration, or immediately after, which cannot reasonably occur in a community setting (e.g., fingolimod). Unless the medicine is approved for Outpatient supply from Hospital Pharmacy, the patient will be required to obtain the medicine in the community and bring to appointment. For information on assessing the suitability of using a patient’s own medicine refer to Appendix A of SESLHDPD/758 Patient’s Own Medications (POMs) – Handling and Storage in Hospital.</i></p>
<p>Highly Specialised Drugs (HSDs) PBS S100</p>	<p>Medicines for the treatment of chronic conditions which, because of their clinical use or other special features, are restricted to supply through public or private hospitals having access to appropriate specialist facilities.</p> <p><i>Note: the decision to continue these medicines during an inpatient admission, requires discussion of the individual patient circumstances with the site Director of Pharmacy (or their delegate), prior to supply from SESLHD Pharmacy services. The decision must be documented in the patient’s iPharmacy record.</i></p>
<p>Efficient Funding of Chemotherapy</p>	<p>The range of chemotherapy drugs available for day admitted and non-admitted patients from public hospitals.</p> <p><i>Note: the decision to continue these medicines during an inpatient admission, requires discussion of the individual patient circumstances with the site Director of Pharmacy (or their delegate), prior to supply from SESLHD Pharmacy services. The decision must be documented in the patient’s iPharmacy record.</i></p>
<p>Medication Samples</p>	<p>Use of medication samples is inappropriate except in circumstances approved by the SESLHD DTC. All such medication samples must be delivered directly to a SESLHD Pharmacy department and dispensed by the Pharmacy department</p>

6. SESLHD MEDICINES FORMULARY POLICY

The SESLHD MF digital publishing platform and other relevant information are accessible to all SESLHD staff and can be found on the [SESLHD Quality Use of Medicines Intranet page](#).

6.1 Formulary Application Process

SESLHD medicine formulary applications are submitted under Formulary Submissions via the [NSW Medicines Portal](#).

6.2 Formulary Review Process

The SESLHD DTC secretariat will be automatically notified of formulary applications submitted by SESLHD clinicians via the [NSW Medicines Portal](#) and will undertake an initial review.

The SESLHD DTC will consider completed SESLHD formulary applications at the next SESLHD DTC meeting for all applications received up to 2 weeks prior to the scheduled meeting.

The SESLHD DTC uses a standard decision algorithm to guide its decision process, which is based on an algorithm from the NSW Therapeutic Advisory Group (NSW TAG). The SESLHD DTC will consider not only clinical issues, but also economic issues in the decision process. Economic analysis may be undertaken on either a cost- effectiveness or cost minimisation basis, depending on the circumstances.

The SESLHD DTC may require a SESLHD Medicine Guideline to support the safe and appropriate use of a medicines prior to addition to the SESLHD MF.

Where appropriate, completed applications within the scope of the NSW MFC will be progressed. Those that are considered 'out of scope' for the NSW MF will be managed by the SESLHD DTC.

6.3 Formulary Review Process

All applications and outcomes will be documented in the SESLHD meeting minutes and the SESLHD MF digital publishing platform.

Applicants, relevant Clinical Streams/services, and pharmacy departments will be informed of the outcome of formulary applications, together with details of approved indications, prescribing restrictions and monitoring and reporting requirements following the SESLHD DTC meeting. The applicant will also be notified of any required protocol finalisation, staff education or specific patient education requirements.

Site/service Medication Safety Committees, Directors of Pharmacy and relevant clinicians will receive a list of MF updates, including NSW MF decisions following the SESLHD DTC meeting.

Clinicians may appeal formulary decisions when they feel the approval process has not been documented or when circumstances or level of evidence for the use of the medicines has changed since the submission.

6.4 Formulary Monitoring Process

Formulary approvals may have a review date set at the time of approval.

Clinicians will be responsible for reporting to the SESLHD DTC any adverse events associated with the use of the medicine, in addition to other reporting requirements as set out in the conditions of the approval.

Compliance with formulary approval, resource utilisation and outcomes of treatment may be subject to a Medicines Use Evaluation (MUE) process.

SESLHD MF compliance in the outpatient setting will be monitored using sub-categories in the iPharmacy dispensing software, e.g.,

- Outpatient (formulary)
- Outpatient (administration)
- Outpatient (approved IPU)
- Outpatient (misc.)

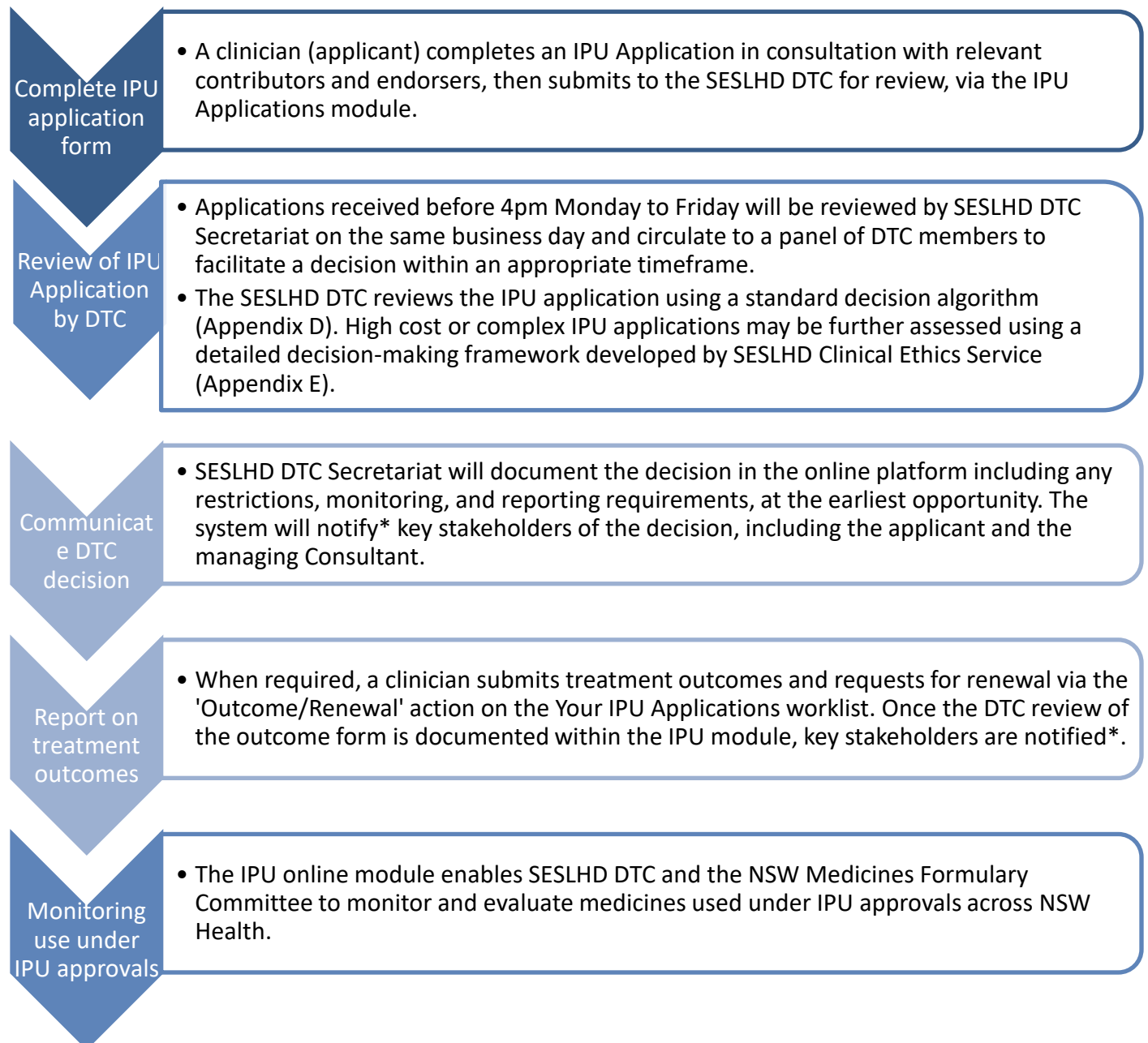
Medicines will be considered for deletion from the formulary when evidence or information emerges that the medicine is no longer efficacious, unsafe, or inferior to alternatives, or is to be discontinued from the Australian market.

7. SESLHD INDIVIDUAL PATIENT USE (IPU) POLICY

An IPU Application is required when a SESLHD authorised prescriber is requesting use of: a medicine (registered or otherwise) which is not listed on the SESLHD MF, **or** a medicine listed on the SESLHD MF, but where the formulary restrictions are not met (i.e., proposed indication is off-label).

Applications **MUST** be submitted via the [NSW Health IPU Application Platform](#). Resources are available on the [SESLHD Quality Use of Medicines Sharepoint](#).

7.1 IPU Application Process Overview



* To maintain **privacy and security** of the data stored in the online platform IPU module, email notifications are sent only to **NSW Health email accounts**.

7.2 IPU Contributors and Endorsers

A Clinical Pharmacist MUST be a **contributor** to every IPU application. They will assess the appropriateness of the proposed therapy for the individual patient, this will include, but is not limited to:

- ensuring that any relevant formulary listed medicines are optimized, and / or identifying those that are inadequate or inappropriate for the patient.
- assessing whether the proposed dosage, timing, and route of administration are optimal for the patient's needs, considering factors like renal or hepatic function, age, and weight.
- identifying any potential drug-drug, drug-food, or drug-disease interactions that could affect treatment outcomes or safety.

The **local endorser pathway** will be determined by each SESLHD local site. At a minimum it should include a senior medical officer e.g., Director of Clinical or Medical Services, Head of Department, Clinical Program Director and Senior Pharmacist e.g., Director or Deputy Director of Pharmacy.

The IPU applicant is responsible for ensuring the completion of the local endorser pathway prior to submitting the IPU application.

High Cost IPU

In the case of an IPU with a cost > \$10,000 per course or annum to SESLHD (or the patient), the SESLHD DTC will make a recommendation to the General Manager for final endorsement.

7.3 Review of URGENT IPU Applications

Where the patient is deemed in a life-threatening situation and a decision regarding use of a non-formulary medicine is required immediately (or prior to the next business day if after 4pm) approval is obtain from the local site Director of Clinical Services (or site equivalent) or their approved delegate. Verbal approval may be appropriate.

Retrospective applications must be submitted in accordance with [Section 7: SESLHD INDIVIDUAL PATIENT USE \(IPU\) POLICY](#).

7.4 IPU Monitoring Process

SESLHD DTC IPU application and associated decisions can be reviewed on the '[Your IPU Applications](#)' worklist of the NSW Health Individual Patient Use online platform.

SESLHD IPU decisions will be monitored and tabled monthly at the SESLHD DTC meeting.

Relevant Clinicians and/ or Heads of Departments will be requested by the SESLHD DTC to submit a formulary application if 3 or more IPUs have been submitted for the same indication.

7.4.1 IPU Reports

IPU approvals will be reviewed at a maximum of 12-monthly intervals.
A review date will be set at the time of approval and at each subsequent review.

Extension of IPU approvals is conditional upon completion of the 'Outcome/Renewal' action from their 'Your IPU Applications' worklist of the NSW Health Individual Patient Use online platform.

8. DOCUMENTATION

Applications are submitted, approved, updated and monitored via the NSW Health IPU Application Platform.

Other relevant forms are available on the SESLHD Forms Intranet Page under [Drug and Therapeutics Committee](#).

- Patient Consent to Exceptional Use of a Medicine – Form SEI020.025 can be ordered from Stream Solutions
- SESLHD Medicines Access Program Registration Form in Powerchart

9. REFERENCES

External References

- [NSW Health Policy Directive PD2022_032 - Medication Handling. 11 August 2022](#)
- [NSW Health Policy Directive PD2022_056 - Approval Process of Medicines and Their Use. 2 December 2022](#)
- [NSW Health Policy Directive PD2023_041- Pharmaceutical and Safety Net Arrangements for Outpatients and Patients on Discharge. 28 November 2023](#)
- [NSW Health Policy Directive PD2021_021 Medicare Ineligible and Reciprocal Health Care Agreement](#)
- [Guiding Principles for the Governance of Medicines Access Programs in Australian Hospitals. June 2018](#)
- [NSW Therapeutic Advisory Group. Decision Algorithm for evaluation of medicines for Formulary listing in public hospitals. November 2009.](#)
- [Decision Algorithm for Evaluation of Medicines for Individual Patient Use \(IPU\) Approval in Public Hospitals \(NSW TAG November 2009\)](#)
- [Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Regulation 2008- Reg 37](#)
- [CATAG. Rethinking medicines decision-making in Australian Hospitals- Guiding Principles for the Quality Use of Medicines 2013](#)

9. VERSION AND APPROVAL HISTORY

Date	Version No.	Author and approval notes
Sept 2008	0	Julie Thompson, Area Drug Committee Pharmacist Co-ordinator on behalf of the Area Drug Committee. Approved by Area Drug Committee 10 July 2008. Approved by Executive Sponsor Elizabeth Koff, Director Clinical Operations and Clinical Council Committee 24 September 2008.
Sept 2009	1	Julie Thompson, Area Drug Committee Pharmacist Co-ordinator on behalf of the Area Drug Committee. Approved by Area Drug Committee 10 September 2009 and forms F188 and F189 revisions approved 10 December 2009.
April 2012	2	Updated links and rebadged for LHD, patient eligibility revised - Julie Thompson, D&QUMC Pharmacist Co-Ordinator on behalf of SESLHD D&QUMC. Approved by SESLHD D&QUMC 12 April 2012
June 2012	2	Changes and review approved by Executive Medical Director
October 2012	2	Updated link to Guiding Principles for Medicines Access Programs in Australian Public Hospitals
September 2014	3	Maintenance of formulary and iPharmacy updated, links and external references updated. Julie Thompson, D&QUMC Pharmacist Co-Ordinator on behalf of SESLHD D&QUMC. Approved by SESLHD D&QUMC 9 October 2014
December 2014	3	Changes and review endorsed by Director Clinical Governance
July 2015	3	References and links updated. Julie Thompson, D&QUMC Pharmacist Co-Ordinator on behalf of SESLHD D&QUMC. Approved by SESLHD D&QUMC 11 May 2015 (9.3)
February 2016	4	Minor changes and updates for consideration of QUM Approved by QUM 3 March 2016 (11.1)
April 2016	4	Updates endorsed by Executive Sponsor
April 2017	4	Minor updates made to forms references. Review dates to remain the same.
May 2018	5	Minor update to section 5 Definitions to include TGA-registered blood products provided under the National Blood Authority are excluded from this definition – endorsed by Executive Sponsor.
October 2020	6	Updates to IPU process in accordance with Clinical Ethics review. Updated definition of eligible patients to reflect current outpatient supply practices. Minor wording changes. References updated
November 2020	6	Approved by Quality Use of Medicines Committee.
August 2023	7	Major review. Updated in line with SESLHD Medication-related Committees and Associated Governance Restructure. Updated in line with NSW MFC and associated Governance. Updated in line with NSW Ministry of Health Policy Directive PD2022_056 - Approval Process for Medicine and their use. Approved at the July 2023 SESLHD Drug and Therapeutics Committee (DTC) and August 2023 Clinical and Quality Council (CQC).
1 May 2024	8.0	Major updated to IPU process. Approved at SESLHD Drug and Therapeutics Committee and SESLHD Clinical and Quality Council.
August 2024	8.1	Minor amendment to clarify the status of Ambulatory Care in relation to the SESLHD Medicines Formulary. Approved at SESLHD DTC.
6 March 2025	8.2	Minor amendment to update IPU Process to include NSW Health Platform. Approved at SESLHD DTC.
16 December 2025	8.3	Minor updates to definition section to include Medical Devices which include a scheduled medicine and medication samples. Change to approval workflow for high-cost medicines endorsed at CQC. Approved at SESLHD DTC.

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Appendix A: SESLHD Medicine Formulary Categories

SESLHD Formulary Category	Definition	iPharmacy identification	Explanation
Formulary: inpatient initiation	Determined by NSW MF and the SESLHD DTC: evidence-based medicines for initiation	Formulary	Medicines that are approved for initiation in inpatients.
Formulary: continuity of medicine	Determined by SESLHD DTC: prescribing of pre-admission medicines as supported by evidence and high usage.	Formulary	<p>Medicines that must not be initiated in inpatients as determined by the NSW MF Committee.</p> <p>Continue patient's pre-admission medicine if there is no clinical reason for change.</p> <p>Includes SESLHD high usage medicines (may include high usage fixed dosed combination medicines).</p> <p>Medicines may be included on imprest lists and general stock holdings in pharmacy.</p>
Formulary: outpatient supply	Determined by SESLHD DTC.	Formulary	<p>All medicines prescribed and administered in outpatient settings (e.g., clinics or ambulatory care) must conform with medicines and restrictions listed as <i>Formulary: inpatient initiation</i> and / or <i>Formulary: continuity of medicine</i>.</p> <p>Medicines that are approved for supply by SESLHD Pharmacy Services to SESLHD outpatients will have this additional annotation.</p>
Formulary: conditional approval	Change request submitted to NSW MFC, awaiting outcome	Formulary	Medicines that are provisionally approved for initiation by SESLHD DTC, whilst awaiting review by NSW MFC.

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<i>SESLHD Formulary Category</i>	<i>Definition</i>	<i>iPharmacy identification</i>	<i>Explanation</i>
Non-Formulary: use patient's own	Low usage, not stocked by SESLHD.		<p>Continue patient's pre-admission medicine if there is no clinical reason for change.</p> <p>To facilitate immediate access, utilise patient's own medicine in line with SESLHD Policy Patient's Own Medicines.</p> <p>Medicine may be ordered if patient's own medicines is unavailable or deemed unsuitable.</p>
Non-Formulary: for review	Lack of evidence to support medicine use or risk associated with use, not stocked by SESLHD.	Non-Formulary	<p>Review and consider switching to a preferred alternative evidence-based medicine. Patient's own medicines can be used for continuation of therapy if appropriate.</p> <p>Consider including information in discharge summary for review post discharge.</p> <p>Any medicine decisions should be discussed with the patient and/or their carer and with the initiating prescriber if relevant.</p>
Non-Formulary: restart on discharge	Maintenance therapy, low usage, not stocked by SESLHD	Non-Formulary	<p>Medicines that will NOT have a clinical impact if withheld during the patient's inpatient admission, as determined by SESLHD DTC.</p> <p>If treating team determine ongoing treatment is necessary, use patient's own medicine in line with SESLHD Policy Patient's Own Medicines.</p>
Non-Formulary: chart individual medicines	Combination products with high cost or low usage; not stocked by SESLHD.	Non-Formulary	<p>Chart individual medicines stocked by SESLHD.</p> <p>Pharmacy will NOT procure or supply combination product.</p>

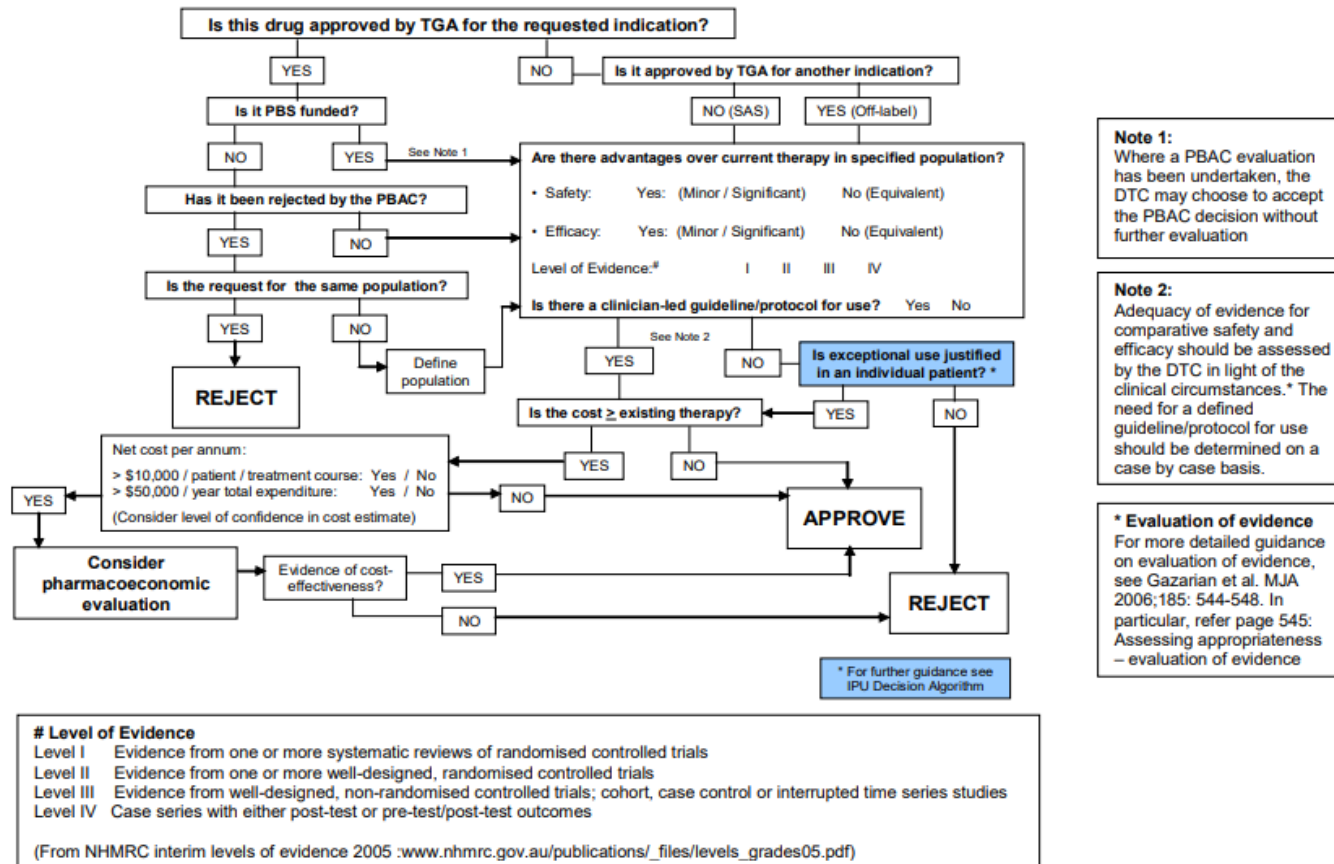
Note: *iPharmacy identification is for procurement purposes only.*

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Appendix B: [Decision Algorithm for Evaluation of Medicines for Formulary Listing in Public Hospitals \(NSW TAG November 2009\)](#)



Note 1:
Where a PBAC evaluation has been undertaken, the DTC may choose to accept the PBAC decision without further evaluation

Note 2:
Adequacy of evidence for comparative safety and efficacy should be assessed by the DTC in light of the clinical circumstances.* The need for a defined guideline/protocol for use should be determined on a case by case basis.

*** Evaluation of evidence**
For more detailed guidance on evaluation of evidence, see Gazarian et al. MJA 2006;185: 544-548. In particular, refer page 545: Assessing appropriateness – evaluation of evidence

Level of Evidence

- Level I Evidence from one or more systematic reviews of randomised controlled trials
- Level II Evidence from one or more well-designed, randomised controlled trials
- Level III Evidence from well-designed, non-randomised controlled trials; cohort, case control or interrupted time series studies
- Level IV Case series with either post-test or pre-test/post-test outcomes

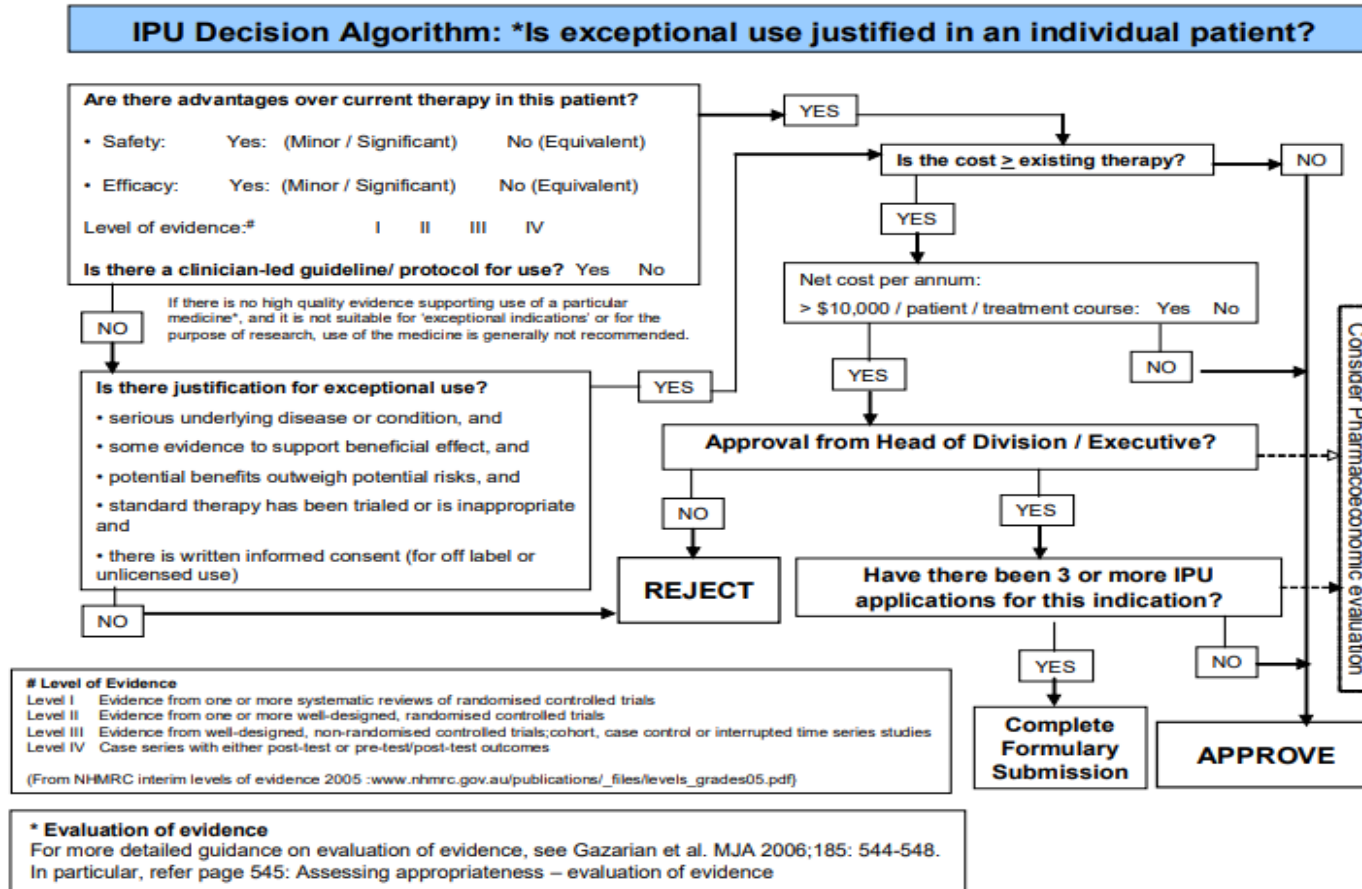
(From NHMRC interim levels of evidence 2005 :www.nhmrc.gov.au/publications/_files/levels_grades05.pdf)

Appendix C: Formulary Processes for Special Access Scheme (SAS) Medicines

All SAS medicines require TGA SAS paperwork to be completed. SESLHD [Consent to Exceptional Use of a Medicine Form](#) must be completed for each patient. SAS medicines will be reviewed by the SESLHD DTC delegates as follows:

Reason for SAS status	Action
Status changed due to economic reasons i.e.: previously marketed in Australia but company has made an economic decision to no longer market	Formulary status to be reviewed with consideration for cost-benefit and ongoing access
Status change due to safety concerns	Consider on case-by-case basis
Temporary status change Marketed stock unavailable and company imports overseas stock (which may not be registered in Australia)	Continue to be considered as formulary
Never marketed in Australia but with a large body of evidence supporting its therapeutic use	Assessed for formulary listing or considered for individual patient use when case numbers are low
Never marketed in Australia with minimal evidence supporting therapeutic use	Via IPU approval only

Appendix D: [Decision Algorithm for Evaluation of Medicines for Individual Patient Use \(IPU\) Approval in Public Hospitals \(NSW TAG November 2009\)](#)



Appendix E: Ethical Decision Making Framework for Complex and High-Cost IPU

Threshold Assessment	Does the IPU application address threshold criteria?	
	Have previous IPU applications for this medicine been accepted/ rejected?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Should there be a formulary application associated with this IPU?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Has the HOD endorsed the application? Including: in dept budget, clinically appropriate, not research	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Conflict of interest declarations provided?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Justification for exceptional use provided?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Standard treatment tried or not appropriate?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Completed patient consent provided?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Safety and efficacy approvals? For this indication or others?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	<i>Details</i>	
	Any alternative funding options?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	<i>Details</i>	
	Are there adequate plans to share outcome data?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	<i>Details</i>	
Urgency?	<i>Details</i>	
Is this IPU ready for SESLHD DTC?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Individual Assessment	What is the balance of risks, harms and benefits of the drug?	
	Previous treatment outcomes?	<i>Details</i>
	Alternative treatment options?	<i>Details</i>
	Expected benefits from the medicine?	Cure? <input type="checkbox"/> Prolonged survival? <input type="checkbox"/> Improved quality of life? <input type="checkbox"/> Alignment with patient specific goals? <input type="checkbox"/>
	<i>Details</i>	
	Evidence for safety?	<i>Details</i>
	Evidence for efficacy?	<i>Details</i>
	Other harms or burdens of treatment?	<i>Details</i>
	Is the evaluation plan adequate?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Clinical Benefit Rating:	High <input type="checkbox"/> Medium <input type="checkbox"/> Low <input type="checkbox"/>
	What is the cost?	
	Direct cost of the medicine?	<i>Details</i>
	Direct cost of alternative treatment?	<i>Details</i>
	Indirect cost of the medicine?	<i>Details</i>
Indirect cost of the alternative treatment?	<i>Details</i>	
Ongoing commitment / obligation once started?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
<i>Details</i>		

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	Any anticipated savings or cost offsets?	<i>Details</i>
	Cost rating:	High <input type="checkbox"/> Medium <input type="checkbox"/> Low <input type="checkbox"/>
What is the value of the potential health outcome? Is it proportional to the cost?		
	What outcome is the patient hoping for?	<i>Details</i>
	Is this realistic?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Is the desired outcome likely?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
		<i>Details</i>
	Does the proposed benefit align with the patient's specific goals?	Cure? <input type="checkbox"/> Prolonged survival? <input type="checkbox"/> How long? Improved quality of life? <input type="checkbox"/>
		<i>Details</i>
	Any alternative approaches?	<i>Details</i>
	How acceptable are these?	<i>Details</i>
	What will be the relative quality of the patient experience: drug vs alternative treatment pathway?	<i>Details</i>
	On balance, does the likely outcome justify the cost?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Consistency? Sustainability? Vulnerable groups? Third party influence?		
Broader Justice/ Equity	Does this application compare to previous similar applications within the district?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <i>Details</i>
	In other LHDs?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <i>Details</i>
	Will this application set a new precedent for standard of care?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <i>Details</i>
	Are there other community interests that need to be taken into consideration such as protection of vulnerable groups?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <i>Details</i>
	Are there pressures from third parties?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
	Recommendation	Approve <input type="checkbox"/> Do not approve <input type="checkbox"/> Defer – further information required <input type="checkbox"/>