

LOCAL OPERATING PROCEDURE

Approved by Quality & Patient Care Committee 21 June 2018

ADULT - PATIENT WITH ACUTE CONDITION FOR ESCALATION (PACE) CRITERIA AND ESCALATION

This LOP is developed to guide clinical practice at the Royal Hospital for Women. Individual patient circumstances may mean that practice diverges from this LOP.

1. AIM

Implementation of a local Clinical Emergency Response System (CERS)

2. PATIENT

· Acutely unwell woman, visitor or staff member

3 STAFF

- Clinical Review Patient's obstetrics/gynaecology registrar or locally agreed deputy
- Rapid Response System Patient's primary care medical team, , Anesthetic Registrar, Access and Demand Manager (ADM/After Hours Nurse Manager (AHNM), PACE Clinical Nurse Consultant (CNC) (Monday & Tuesday 08.00–16.30) Acute Care CNC (Monday-Tuesday 07.00-15.30) and porter.
- Code Blue All available medical staff, inside and outside Anaesthetist, ADM/AHNM, Acute Care Centre (ACC) staff member (if available) and porter

4. EQUIPMENT

Cardiac arrest trolley and defibrillator (See Appendix 1 for locations)

5. CLINICAL PRACTICE

- Activate CERS call when indicated (Appendix 2) dialling emergency number 2222
- Request appropriate rapid response team by stating response required, location and admitting consultant (if known). If CERS called in Delivery Suite, care defers to the on-call obstetric consultant
 - Clinical Review: 30 minutes response time
 - Rapid Response System: 5 minutes response time
 - o Adult Code Blue: Immediate response for life threatening conditions
- Escalate to Prince of Wales (POW) to obtain the POW arrest team as appropriate if
 assistance or support is required. The POW adult cardiac arrest team can be activated by
 dialling 2222 and asking for the POW "Adult Code Blue Team" for "The Royal Hospital
 for Women, stating exact location." It is advised to have a staff member direct the POW
 team in from the lift
- Escalate all patients, visitor and staff collapses in non-clinical areas as an Adult Code Blue.
 Ask the ADM/AHNM to obtain or arrange for the closest cardiac arrest trolley to be brought to the area.
- · Use maxi lifter located in Macquarie Ward to lift patients from the floor to a bed or trolley
- Notify the person's family/carer of clinical deterioration and/or change of location
- Complete the adult cardiac arrest resuscitation record at time of cardiac arrest. Send copy to the CERS CNC for review and file the original appropriately
- Document the events in the medical record
- Document CERS calls on the SESLHD Adult or Maternity CERS notification form and place in envelope on ward (DO NOT FILE) for data collection by the CERS CNC
- Place completed CERS sticker in integrated clinical notes for Delivery Suite only
- Alter calling criteria only after consultation with the attending Medical Officer (MO). Document the alterations on appropriate observation charts. Review alterations of criteria for changes by the attending MO within 24 hours



LOCAL OPERATING PROCEDURE

Approved by Quality & Patient Care Committee 21 June 2018

PATIENT (ADULT) WITH ACUTE CONDITION FOR ESCALATION (PACE) CRITERIA AND ESCALATION cont'd

6. DOCUMENTATION

- · CERS Notification Form
- CERS Sticker (Delivery Suite Only)
- CODE BLUE Resuscitation Record
- Medical record
- IIMS
- Standard Maternity Observation Chart (SMOC)
- · Standard Adult General Observation (SAGO) Chart

7. EDUCATIONAL NOTES

- Annual Adult Basic Life Support (ABLS) assessments are required by all medical, midwifery, nursing, and allied health staff and porters
- ACC and Birthing Services have unit specific escalation LOPs for calling additional staff when required
- CERS and escalation procedures are included in RHW staff orientation.
- Advanced Adult Life Support training is recommended for staff likely to be team leading or attending CERS calls

8. RELATED POLICIES / PROCEDURES / CLINICAL PRACTICE LOPs

- Acute Care: Admission Criteria, Process and Management
- Escalation for Birthing Services
- Escalation guideline Acute Care
- Collapse Maternal
- PACE Management of Deteriorating Adult Patient SESLHDPR/283
- Emergency Equipment Checking and Maintenance

9. RISK RATING

High risk

10. NATIONAL STANDARD

• RR – Recognising and responding to the deteriorating patient

11. REFERENCES

- 1 NSW Health NSW Health PD2013_049 Recognition and Management of a patient who is Clinically Deteriorating
- 2 NSW Health Policy Directive PD2009 060 Clinical Handover Standard Key Principles
- 3 SESLHD PR283_Patient with Acute Condition for Escalation (PACE): Management of the Deteriorating ADULT & MATERNITY Inpatient 2016

REVISION & APPROVAL HISTORY

Amended August 2019 - change from PACE to CERS

Change 777 to 2222 February 2019

Reviewed and endorsed Maternity Services LOPs 19/6/18 (previously titled *Adult Clinical Emergency Response System (CERS)* and *Escalation*)

Approved Quality & Patient Safety Committee 17/7/14

Reviewed and endorsed Maternity Services LOPs group 1/7/14

Approved Quality & Patient Safety Committee 18/11/10

Gynaecology Services Management Committee 11/11/10

FOR REVIEW: JUNE 2020

APPENDIX 1

RHW Cardiac Arrest Trolley/Defibrillator Locations

LEVEL	WARD	DEFIBRILLATOR
Level 4	Acute Care Centre (ACC)	Yes – M Series
Level 3	Oxford (North)	Yes – Automated External Defibrillator (AED)
Level 3	Paddington (South)	No defibrillator – Cardiac arrest trolley only
Level 2	Day Surgery	No defibrillator – Cardiac arrest trolley only
Level 2	Gynaecology Outpatients	Yes – AED
Level 2	Macquarie Ward	Yes – AED
Level 1	Delivery Suite	Yes – AED
Level 1	Recovery RHW	Yes – M Series
Ground	Admissions – Behind front desk	Yes – AED
Ground	Reproductive Medicine	No defibrillator – Cardiac arrest trolley only

APPENDIX 2

PACE CALLING CRITERIA

ADULT CERS				
RED ZONE CRITERIA				
Breathing	RR ≤ 5 or ≥ 30			
O ² Saturations	≤ 90%			
O ² Requirements	Increasing			
Systolic BP	≤ 90 or ≥ 200mmHg			
Circulation	HR ≤40 or ≥140			
Neurological	Decrease in level of			
	consciousness			
	New onset of confusion			
	Seizures			
Urine Output	≤ 100mls/4 hours			
Blood Glucose	≤4 or ≥ 20 mmol/l			
Level (BGL)*	* Follow local protocol			
Any rapid change in observation				
Any other condition you are concerned about				
Concern by patient or family member				

OBSTETRIC CERS				
RED ZONE CRITERIA				
Breathing	RR ≤ 5 or ≥ 30			
O ² Saturations	≤ 90%			
O ² Requirements	Increasing			
Systolic BP	≤ 80 or ≥ 170mmHg			
Diastolic BP	≤ 40 or ≥ 110mmHg			
Circulation	HR ≤40 or ≥140			
Neurological	Decrease in level of			
	consciousness			
	New onset of confusion			
	Seizures			
Temperature	≤35.5°C or ≥ 38.5°C			
Urine Output	≤ 80mls/4 hours			
Any rapid change in observation				
Any other condition you are concerned about				
Concern by patient or family member				

DELIVERY SUITE WOMEN			
CLINICAL REVIEW – YELLOW ZONE			
Breathing	RR ≤ 5 or ≥ 30		
O ² Saturations	≤ 94%		
Urine Output	<100mls/4hrs		
Temperature	>38.0°C		
BGL	<3 mmols/L		
Any rapid change in observations			

DELIVERY SUITE WOMEN			
RAPID RESPONSE SYSTEM – RED ZONE			
Airway	Threatened		
Circulation	HR <45 or >170		
Systolic BP	< 85 or >170		
Diastolic BP	>110		
PPH	>1000mls		
You are seriously concerned and require immediate			

You are seriously concerned and require immediate help including:

- Cord Prolapse
- Seizures/Decrease Consciousness
- Fetal Bradycardia >5mins