SAQ 8

A 60 year old male presents to you Emergency Department complaining of chest pain for the last 2 hours. He has no known medication history and does not take any regular medications.

His ECG on arrival is below.

a. What is your interpretation of his ECG ? (3 Marks)

Inferior STEMI - 1 Mark Complete heart block - 1 Mark 1 Mark for any of: Possible RV involvement (STE III>II) Possible posterior involvement (Flat ST depression V2-3) Bradycardia

b. The patient's blood pressure is 80mmHg. Outline the key steps in managing his hypotension. (4 Marks)

Main priority revascularisation - angioplasty / thrombolysis - 1 Mark Cautious fluid bolus -must acknowledge risk of pulm odema or use bolus <500ml - 1 Mark 1 Mark each for any two of: Atropine - likely to be inefffective

Arophie - likely to be inejjjective Avoid / cease GTN Transcutaneous pacing Inotropes as listed below only IABP - only acceptable if preceded by revascularisation

c. The cardiology team have advised you to commence the patient on a vasoactive agent to improve his blood pressure. List 3 appropriate inotropes / vasopressors and their dosing below. (3 Marks)

	Agent	Dose
1.	Dopamine	3-5 mcg/kg/min to maximum of
		20-50 mcg/kg/min
2.	Dobutamine	2-5 mcg/kg/min to maximum of
		20 mcg/kg/min
3.	Noradrenaline	2 mcg/min up titrate to
		response

1/2 Mark for each correctly completed box.

Taken from Tintinalli's Emergency Medicine 7th Edition Chapter 54 Table 54-5 Pg 388 with Milrinone excluded.

Consistent with management advice in Dunn Emergency Medicine Manual 5th Edition Vol 1 Chpt 28 Pg 440

