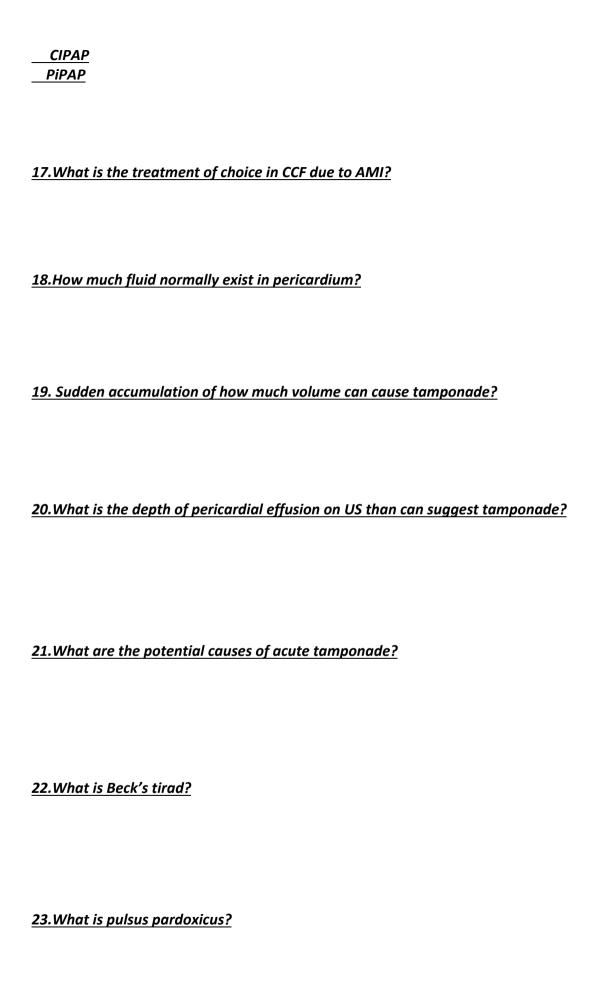
Cardiac Failure Pericardial and myocardial disease Vascular emergencies Venous disease						
1.What is the definition of cardiac failure?						
2. Which type of cardiac failure is more common, high or low output?						
3. Give four examples of high and four examples of low cardiac output?						
4.what are the causes of systolic cardiac failure?						
5.What are the causes of right heart failure?						
6.What is the definition of cardiogenic shock?						
7.What are the causes of cardiogenic shock?						
8.List five causes of cardiomyopathy?						

9. What are the potential ECG findings in HOCM?

Week 8 Qs

10.Right or left heart failure is the cause for the following symptoms
-peripheral oedema
-anorexia
-right upper quadrant pain
11.What are the potential precipitants of cardiac failure?
221Vinat are the potential predipitants of caranae junater
12.What is the definition of upper lobe diversion?
22. What is the definition of apper lose diversion.
12 list 2 success of a supervision subsequence and supervision
13. List 3 causes of noncardiogenic pulmonary oedema?
14.Which one is more indicative of heart failure?
<u>53</u>
<u>54</u>
15.List the steps of treat of acute decompensated cardiac failure?



24.What are the ECG changes of pericardial effusion?
25.List the steps in needle pericardiocentesis?
26. Which ethnicity of people have the highest incidence of rheumatic fever?
27.What are the Jones criteria for rheumatic fever?
28.What are the investigation for a patient suspected of having rheumatic fever?

29.What is the acute treatment of acute rheumatic fever?
30. What is the secondary prevention in rheumatic fever?
31.What are the causes of peripheral ischaemia?
32. What is the ankle brachial index and when is it suggestive of severe ischemia?
52.77 har is the annie orachia maes and when is a suggestive of severe isenema.
33.What are the causes of arterial occlusion?
55.W hat are the causes of arterial occiusion:
34.What are the differential diagnosis of painful foot?
35 What are the finding on history and eveningtion in gente isologonic of the log?
35. What are the finding on history and examination in acute ischaemia of the leg?