Nystatin

Newborn use only

Alert	The Antimicrobial Stewardship Team recommends this drug is listed as unrestricted.	
	Nystatin is not suitable for the treatment of invasive fungal disease.	
Indication	Prophylaxis against invasive fungal infections.	
	a. Criteria for prophylaxis should be determined by local policy.	
	b. Indications may include: Infants ≤ 32 weeks gestation at birth or < 1500 g birth weight or infants	
	with risk factors including use of broad-spectrum antibiotics, central venous access device (PICC/UVC/CVC), parenteral nutrition or inhaled steroids.	
	2. Treatment of mucocutaneous candidiasis.	
Action	Fungicidal agent. Combines with the sterol elements of fungal cell membranes causing cell death.	
Drug type	Polyene antibiotic.	
Trade name	Nilstat oral drops, Mycostatin oral drops, Pharmacy Action Nystatin Oral Drops, Trust Nystatin Oral Drops.	
Presentation	Oral drops (100,000 units/mL)	
riesentation	Topical cream (for cutaneous application) (100,000 units/g) - Discontinued	
Dose	Prophylaxis of invasive fungal infection:	
D 030	1 mL of oral drops every 8 hours.	
	2. Treatment of oral candidiasis (thrush):	
	1 mL of oral drops every 6 hours. Can be given more frequently in severe/resistant thrush.	
Dose adjustment	Not applicable	
Maximum dose		
Total cumulative		
dose		
Route	Oral	
Preparation		
Administration	1. Prophylaxis with oral drops: Shake well before withdrawing the dose. Administer after a feed (if not	
	NBM). Use the whole dose to saturate cotton bud and paint the inside of the mouth. Alternatively,	
	0.5 mL can be given through the feeding tube and flushed with a bolus of air (1 mL for a 5 Fg tube, 2	
	mL for an 8 Fg tube). Use the other 0.5 mL to saturate a cotton bud and paint the inside of the infant's	
	mouth.	
	2. Treatment of oral thrush with oral drops: Use the entire dose to paint the inside of the infant's mouth.	
Monitoring		
Contraindications	Known hypersensitivity to nystatin or any other ingredients.	
Precautions	None.	
Drug interactions	Not applicable.	
Adverse reactions	Generally well tolerated. Large doses may produce gastrointestinal upset (vomiting, diarrhoea). Rarely,	
	may lead to rashes e.g. urticaria. Type 4 hypersensitivity reactions have been reported in adults.	
Compatibility	No information.	
Incompatibility	Do not mix in the syringe with any other medication.	
Stability	Stable until expiry date on the bottle.	
Storage	Store at room temperature.	
Excipients	Nilstat and Mycostatin oral drops: bentonite, sodium calcium edetate, sucrose, methyl and propyl	
	hydroxybenzoates, polysorbate 80, cherry flavour F-1242, quinoline yellow (104) and purified water.	
Special comments		
Evidence	Efficacy	
	Prevention of invasive fungal infections	
	A systematic review of RCTs found oral nystatin to be highly effective in preventing invasive fungal	
	infection in VLBW infants with a relative risk of 0.16 when compared to placebo. A Cochrane meta-	
	analysis ² found a statistically significant reduction in the incidence of invasive fungal infection (typical risk	
	ratio 0.20, 95% CI 0.14-0.27) in very preterm VLBW infants when comparing oral/topical non-absorbed antifungal prophylaxis (nystatin or miconazole) with placebo or no drug. Substantial statistical	
	heterogeneity was present though. ² (LOE 1A, GOR A)	
	A study from Australian and New Zealand NICUs reported ³ that prophylactic oral nystatin is associated	
	with a significantly lower incidence of fungal infection compared with no antifungal prophylaxis. ³	
	with a significantity lower incluence of failigal infection compared with no antifuligal prophylaxis.	
	Treatment of mucocutaneous fungal infection	

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Boon et al reported a cure rate of 80% after 2 weeks with the dose of 400,000 units/d trial ⁵ comparing nystatin suspension with miconazole gel in immunocompetent infants	s for treatment of		
oropharyngeal candidiasis, Hoppe reported miconazole gel to be significantly superior efficacy, rapidity of achieving cure and oropharyngeal yeast eradication. Relapses and different between miconazole and nystatin. ⁵	side effects were no		
However, miconazole gel is contraindicated in those under 6 months of age due to risl obstruction from gel.	k of airway		
Safety			
Acute generalised exanthematous pustulosis has been described following oral nystat	in therapy. ⁶		
Practice points			
 Blyth CC, Barzi F, Hale K, Isaacs D. Chemoprophylaxis of neonatal fungal infections birthweight infants: efficacy and safety of fluconazole and nystatin. J Paediatr Chii 2012;48:846-51 Austin N, Cleminson J, Darlow BA, McGuire W. Prophylactic oral/topical non-abso agents to prevent invasive fungal infection in very low birth weight infants. Cochr. Rev 2015 Oct 24;(10):CD003478 Howell A, Isaacs D, Halliday R. The Australasian Study Group for Neonatal Infectio prophylaxis and neonatal fungal infections. Arch Dis Child Fetal Neonatal Ed 2009 Boon JM, Lafeber HN, t'Mannetje AH, et al. Comparison of ketoconazole suspensi the treatment of newborns and infants with oral candidosis. Mycoses 1989;32:31 Hoppe JE. Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis in immunocompetent infants: multicenter study of miconazole gel vs. nystatin suspension. The Antifungals Stud Infect Dis J 1997;16:288-93 Kuchler A, Hamm H, Weidenthaler-Barth B, Kampgen E, Brocker EB. Acute genera pustulosis following oral nystatin therapy: a report of three cases. Br J Dermatol 1 	orbed antifungal rane Database Syst ons. Oral nystatin 19;94:F429-F433 ion and nystatin in 1.2-5 a randomized ly Group. Pediatr		

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