Isoprenaline

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Newborn use only

Alert	Also known as Isoproterenol.		
Indication	Temporary treatment of symptomatic bradyarrhythmia or heart block especially if caused by beta blocker		
	overdose.		
	Bronchospasm.		
Action	β_1 - and β_2 -adrenoceptor agonist. Its action o	n cardiac β_1 -adrenoceptors results in positive inotropic and	
	chronotropic effects on the heart elevating b	plood pressure. Its action on arteriolar β_2 -adrenoceptors	
	results in vasodilation and lowering of diasto	lic blood pressure. The overall effect is to decrease mean	
	arterial pressure due to the β_2 -adrenoceptor	mediated vasodilation. [1]	
Drug type	Catecholamine, β-adrenoceptor agonist drug		
Trade name	Isuprel		
	Monico - Isoprenaline Hydrochloride 0.2mg/	mL (SAS product)	
Presentation	1 mg/5 mL ampoule = 200 microgram/1 mL.		
Dose	0.05–1 microgram/kg/minute.		
	Doses may need to be many times higher in	the management of beta blocker overdose. Consult with a	
	clinical toxicologist (Poisons Information Cen	itre 131126).	
Dose adjustment			
Maximum dose	2 microgram/kg/minute.		
	Higher doses may be needed for manageme	nt of B-blocker overdose. Consult with a clinical toxicologist	
	(Poisons Information Centre 131126).		
Total cumulative			
dose			
Route	IV infusion.		
Preparation	LOW concentration IV infusion		
-	Infusion strength	Prescribed amount	
	1 mL/hour = 0.05 microgram/kg/minute	150 microgram/kg isoprenaline and make up to 50 mL	
	Draw up 150 microgram/kg (0.75 mL/kg) iso	prenaline and add glucose 5% or sodium chloride 0.9% to	
	make a final volume of 50 mL. Infusing at a r	ate of 1 mL/hour = 0.05 microgram/kg/minute.	
	HIGH concentration IV infusion (can be used	d for infants up to 2.1 kg)	
	Infusion strength	Prescribed amount	
	1 mL/hour = 0.5 microgram/kg/minute	1500 microgram/kg isoprenaline and make up to 50 mL	
	Draw up 1500 microgram/kg (7.5 mL/kg) of i	soprenaline and add glucose 5% or sodium chloride 0.9% to	
	make a final volume of 50 mL. Infusing at a r	ate of 1 mL/hour = 0.5 microgram/kg/minute.	
	*Maximum reported concentration of the in	nfusion preparation is 64 microgram/mL.(12)	
Administration	Continuous IV infusion preferably via central line.		
	Change infusion every 24 hours.		
Monitoring	Continuous heart rate, ECG and blood pressu	ure monitoring preferable.	
	Assess urine output and peripheral perfusion	n frequently.	
	Blood glucose.		
Contraindications	lachyarrnythmias; tachycardia or heart bloc	k caused by digitalis intoxication; ventricular arrhythmias	
	which require inotropic therapy; coronary insufficiency; hypersensitivity to isoprenaline.		
	isoprenaline should not be given simultaneously with adrenaline because their combined effects may		
Brocoutions	Induce serious armytimila.	co in muccordial work and ovugon consumption	
Precautions	Titrate drug dece to beart rate	se in myocardiar work and oxygen consumption.	
	Correct acidosis prior to commencement		
	Ensure adequate circulating blood volume p	rior to commencement. As isoprenaline is a vasodilator	
	additional volume expansion may be require	d during infusion	
	assessment to an e coparision may be require		
Drug interactions	Stimulates insulin secretion		
	Stimulates insulin secretion.	fects of isoprenaline.	
	Stimulates insulin secretion. Inhalational anaesthetics can increase the ef	fects of isoprenaline.	
	Stimulates insulin secretion. Inhalational anaesthetics can increase the ef Use of isoprenaline hydrochloride in conjunc in cardiotoxic properties.	fects of isoprenaline. tion with aminophylline and corticosteroids may be additive	
Adverse reactions	Stimulates insulin secretion. Inhalational anaesthetics can increase the ef Use of isoprenaline hydrochloride in conjunc in cardiotoxic properties. Tachycardia.	fects of isoprenaline. tion with aminophylline and corticosteroids may be additive	
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	Hypoglycaemia.
	Extravasation (12)
Compatibility	Fluids (14): Glucose 5%; sodium chloride 0.9%.
	Y-site (12,14): Aciclovir, adrenaline (epinephrine), amikacin, amiodarone, amphotericin B liposomal,
	atracurium, atropine, azithromycin, aztreonam, benzylpenicillin, caffeine citrate, calcium chloride, calcium
	gluconate, cefazolin, cefotaxime, ceftazidime, ceftriaxone, chloramphenicol, clindamycin, dexamethasone,
	digoxin, dobutamine, dopamine, erythromycin, fentanyl, fluconazole, gentamicin, heparin, hydrocortisone,
	lidocaine (lignocaine), linezolid, magnesium sulfate, metronidazole, milrinone, morphine, nitroprusside,
	nitrogiycerin, noradrenaline (norepinephrine), pamidronate, pancuronium, peniciliin, piperaciliin-
	tazobactam, potassium chloride, propotol, ranitidine, remifentanii, ticarcillin, vancomycin, vasopressin,
	Vitamin K.
incompatibility	Aminophylline, ampicillin sodium, ampiotericin B conventional colloidal, ampiotericin B lipid complex,
	nhenobarbitone (nhenobarbital), nhenvtoin, sodium bicarbonate, sulfamethoxazole-trimethonrim
Stability	Do not administer if the solution is ninkish or darker than slightly yellow or if a precipitate is present
Stability	Change the infusion every 24 hours
Storage	Store below 25°C Protect from light
Fxcinients	Disodium edetate sodium citrate dibydrate citric acid sodium chloride bydrochloride acid or sodium
Excipients	hvdroxide.
	Monico - Isoprenaline Hydrochloridesodium metabisulphite and water for injections
Special comments	
Fvidence	Efficacy:
Lucite	The efficacy and dosing of isoprenaline in newborns has only been assessed in case reports.
	Infants with congenital complete heart block: Case reports of response to isoprenaline infusion in
	newborns with congenital heart block.[2-4] (LOE IV, GOR D)
	Children with asthma: Case series report response to isoprenaline infusion in infants and children with
	asthma. [5, 6] (LOE IV, GOR D)
	The European Society of Cardiology Guidelines recommend for patients with bradyarrhythmia, positive
	chronotropic drug infusion (e.g. isoprenaline, adrenaline (epinephrine), etc.) may be preferred for a
	limited time, unless there is a contra-indication, compared to use of a temporary pacemaker. [7]
	There are insufficient data reported to determine its safety or efficacy in newborns with pulmonary
	hypertension.
	Safety:
	Case reports of arrhythmia/tachycardia [8] [6], elevated serum CPK-MB levels [9] and hypotension.[10] In
	animal studies, use of isoprenaline hydrochloride in conjunction with aminophylline and corticosteroids
	have been shown to be additive in cardiotoxic properties and can lead to myocardial necrosis and
	death.[13]
	Pharmacokinetics:
	In children age 2 days to 14 years, average plasma nan-me 4.2 \pm 1.5 minutes, with mean relationship between steady state concentration and doring rate [11]
Practice noints	שבושביה הנפמטי הנמוב בטחבבות מנוטה מווט מסאווצ ומנב.[11]
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